

Farmland Classification
Stafford County, Kansas : Published

Prime farmland is one of several kinds of important farmland defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. It is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. It is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

A recent trend in land use in some parts of the survey area has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

The map units in the survey area that are considered prime farmland are listed in the following table. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use. On some soils included in the list, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding, wetness, and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures. The extent of each listed map unit is shown in the "Acres and Proportionate Extent of Soils" table. The location is shown on the detailed soil maps. The soil qualities that affect use and management are described in other tables in this document."

Map symbol	Mapunit name	Farmland Classification
1005	Albion sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
1011	Albion-shellabarger sandy loams, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
1359	Clark-ost loams, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
1725	Farnum and funmar loams, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
1726	Funmar and farnum loams, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
1985	Hayes fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
3053	Ost loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
3511	Saltcreek and naron fine sandy loams, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
3512	Saltcreek and naron fine sandy loams, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
3639	Taver loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
At	Attica fine sandy loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ba	Blanket silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Cx	Clark loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Fa	Farnum fine sandy loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Fr	Farnum loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Na	Naron fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
NAA	Naron fine sandy loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
NBB	Naron fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ta	Tabler loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
TAA	Tabler clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Wa	Waldeck fine sandy loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
An	Albion sandy loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes	Prime farmland if irrigated