

Prime farmland is one of several kinds of important farmland defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. It is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. It is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

A recent trend in land use in some parts of the survey area has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

The map units in the survey area that are considered prime farmland are listed in the following table. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use. On some soils included in the list, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding, wetness, and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures. The extent of each listed map unit is shown in the "Acres and Proportionate Extent of Soils" table. The location is shown on the detailed soil maps. The soil qualities that affect use and management are described in other tables in this document."

Map symbol	Mapunit name	Farmland Classification
027CT	Crete silty clay loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
027EU	Eudora loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
123AB	Armo loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
123HB	Harney silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
123LA	Lancaster-armo loams, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
123NA	New cambria silty clay, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
123RC	Roxbury silt loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
143GE	Geary silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
143LA	Lancaster loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
157CH	Crete silty clay loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
157ED	Eudora loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
201CG	Cass fine sandy loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
201CS	Crete silty clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ar	Armo silt loam, 2 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Br	Bridgeport silt loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Ca	Cozad-cass soils, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Cr	Crete silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Cs	Crete silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ct	Crete silt loam, 3 to 6 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
De	Detroit silty clay loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Eu	Eudora silt loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Ge	Geary silt loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Hb	Hastings silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Hc	Hastings silt loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ho	Hobbs silt loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Hr	Hord silt loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Hu	Humbarger loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Lm	Longford silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Ln	Longford silt loam, 3 to 7 percent slopes	All areas are prime farmland
Mc	Mccook silt loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Mr	Muir silt loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Nc	New cambria silty clay loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
Rx	Roxbury silt loam, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
St	Sutphen silty clay, rarely flooded	All areas are prime farmland
To	Tobin silt loam, occasionally flooded	All areas are prime farmland